Brief information about the project

Name	AP13268874 "Kazakh nomadic elite in social transformation processes of the 19th – early 20th centuries"
Relevance	The project is aimed at studying the integration of the Kazakh nomadic elite into the administrative and social system of the Russian Empire in the 19th – early 20th centuries, and the formation of new social groups (administrators, nobles, honorary citizens, intellectuals, etc.). With the introduction of new political and social reforms on the territory of the Kazakh steppe throughout the 19th century, the Kazakh elite changed status, stratifying and adapting to the new imperial structure. The study of this process is important for understanding social modernization and changes in public consciousness in Kazakh society in the 19th – early 20th centuries.
Target	To study the process of integrating the Kazakh nomadic elite into the new management system introduced by the Russian Empire in the Kazakh steppe in the 19th - early 20th centuries, the social transformation of the Kazakh traditional society, the change in the status of the nomadic elite (sultans, biys, elders) and the formation of new social groups (hereditary and personal nobility, honorary citizenship, officials, intelligentsia).
Tasks	 identify and study scientific methodological concepts and approaches in the humanities on a chosen topic and determine the range of historical sources on the topic of research (archival documents and materials of oral folk art). As part of this task, the postdoctoral fellow will determine the mechanism for integrating the Kazakh nomadic elite into the administrative and social system of the Russian Empire during the 19th century in the context of new trends in the study of social history; consider the role of education through the prism of modern historical approaches in the process of so-called "social engineering" in the Steppe in the 19th century. (from cadet corps to higher educational institutions), which will allow us to study the process of structuring a new generation of Kazakh nomadic society, adapted to social changes in the Steppe, including issues of intergenerational social mobility and the formation of group identities; study the process of formation of new social groups and classes among the Kazakh population, and reveal their features in the context of imperial policy in the 19th – early 20th centuries; identify new personalities, names and dynasties representing certain classes and social groups, intellectuals in the transformed Kazakh society in the 19th – early 20th centuries, task, the educational level, career path, influence on the social consciousness of the local people, and the life of the Kazakh noble families, honorary citizens, administrators, intellectuals, etc. will be studied, within the native land (Tugan zher); to trace the continuity of elite characteristics in Kazakh society until the beginning of the twentieth century, through the prism of the theory of elites and elitology. As part of this task, the

	mechanisms of evolution of the social elite in Kazakh society will be determined, the objective actors of the socio-demographic modernization of Kazakh society of the 19th - early 20th centuries will be identified.
Expected and achieved results	Based on the studied literature and historical sources, the main ways of integrating the nomadic Kazakh elite into the administrative apparatus and social system of the Russian Empire will be identified. As part of the project, the postdoctoral fellow will determine the mechanism for integrating the Kazakh nomadic elite into the administrative and social system of the Russian Empire during the 19th century in the context of new trends in the study of social history. The role of education will be considered through the prism of modern historical approaches in the process of so-called "social engineering" in the Steppe in the 19th century. (from cadet corps to higher educational institutions), which will allow us to study the process of structuring a new generation of Kazakh nomadic society, adapted to social changes in the Steppe, including issues of intergenerational social mobility and the formation of group identities.
	honorary citizenship, intelligentsia, and economic elite among the Kazakh population will be explored through the prism of imperial political and social events in the Kazakh steppe in the 19th – early 20th centuries.
	The educational level, career path, influence on the social consciousness of the local people, and the life of the Kazakh noble families, honorary citizens, administrators, intellectuals, etc. will be studied. within the native land (Tugan zher). will be determined, the objective actors of the socio-demographic modernization of Kazakh society of the 19th - early 20th centuries will be identified. 2 articles will be published in a scientific publication indexed in the Arts and Humanities Citation Index or Social Sciences Citation Index of the Web of Science database or having a CiteScore percentile in the Scopus database of at least 35. 1 monograph in documents will be published.
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